NEGRO SHOT TWO WHITE MEN AND MOBS NOW RIOT

Serious Trouble in Macon Over Colored Man.

PARTED COUPLES IN STREET

Strenuous Efforts Being Made to Keep the Peace.

STORMS THE JAIL

Mayor is Doing His Best to Prevent a Repetition of the Atlanta

Calamities.

Another incipient riot broke out last night in Macon because of difficulties between the whites and for the honor, congratulated the repubblacks. According to late dispatches, a negro forced his way between some white couples. When remonstrated with he whipped out a revolver and shot two. Trouble of a serious character immediately ensued. Strenuous efforts are being made to prevent a repetition of the Atlanta tragedies.

MACON, Ga., October 6.-About 10 o'clock tonight Charles Adams and William Solomon, prominent young white men, were shot by a negro and seriously injured at the fair grounds, where night shows were giving performances. The midway was thronged with hundreds of young people. Adams and Solomon were escorting two young women, when a negro, in a very offensive manner, forced his way between the couples.

A remonstrance from the young men led to an encounter, when the negro whipped out a revolver and opened fire on Adams and Solomon, both receiving wounds in the

One Badly Wounded.

Adams was not so seriously wounded, but Solomon's condition causes much apprehension. The negro was promptly arrested and placed in jail. A general stampede ensued among blacks and whites, as friends of the wounded men made threats of vengeance. Young women scrambled into cars and hacks and sought home at once. A mob of 200 soon formed, and half of them went to the jail and the others to the barracks.

Barracks Guarded.

The barracks were so well guarded that no effort was made to storm it, and this contingent of enraged citizens joined those at the jail, which is now being stormed with viget. It is said the outer door has been broken down. Strenuous efforts are being made to prevent violence, the mayor exercising all the power at his command to restore order.

Shot Three White Men.

COLUMBIA, S. C., October 6-Henry Small, a negro employe of Cole Bros.' circus, who yesterday afternoon shot three white men, one fatally, at Manning, is tonight being brought to the state penitentiary for safekeeping. George Splven, master of transportation; Ed Tilton, and W. H. Moore, also employes of the circus, will also be placed in the penitentiary as witnesses to the shooting.

A mob was formed at Sumter tonight with the avowed intention of lynching the negro as the train passed through that place, but the mob was evaded by the sheriff taking his prisoners across the country to Bethune, where a train will be board-ed for Columbia, arriving here about 3 o'clock tomorrow morning.

BAILEY IN DEBATE

ATTORNEY CRANE HIS OPPO-NENT IN A TALK.

Special Dispatch to The Star

HOUSTON, Texas, October 6.-From all portions of Texas came leading democrats to hear tonight's debate between former Attorney General M. M. Crane and United States Senator Joseph W. Bailey. The auditorium was packed with more than 4,000 people. The crowd was largely with Bailey. Crane opened the debate. He went at length into the Waters-

Pierce case, and sought to show that in effect Senator Bailey had sold his in-fluence in securing the readmission of that corporation.

In his rejoinder Senator Bailey explicitly denied that he had sold his influence to the Waters-Pierce Company. He asserted that he had done no wrong to his constituents in accepting fees for his services. He asserted that the Waters-Pierce Company was admitted to the state while he was at Washington and ignorant of anything being done in that direction.

After Hearst.

Senator Bailey made the assertion that W. R. Hearst (though he did not call his name) was making an endeavor to capture the national democratic convention in the interest of socialism; that this attack had been inaugurated upon Bailey to destroy him. That Bailey was to be pushed aside that Hearst and his allies might have a freer hand and also as an object lesson to any other democrat who might oppose the pro-gram that they would be ruthlessly slaugh-tered by the weight of millions of dollars and conscienceless newspapers.

An ugly incident occurred just at the Crane's opening argument. referred to certain practices in public life which he regarded as improprieties A man in the audience said:

"But they are republicans that do that."

Crane replied, "Yes, but there are some democrats who ought to be in jail." A voice: "Yes, Joe Balley ought to be in

Bailey was on his feet at once and re-plied, "If the person who says that will make himself public, I will see that he does not get into the penitentiary.

Jamaica Products for Canal Zone.

KINGSTON, Jamacia, October 6.-Jackson Smith of the Panama canal commission has arrived here for the purpose of arranging for trade in fruits and vegetables between Jamaica and the canal zone: He also will approach the local government on the question of labor for the canal, provided the authorities are willing to waive the repa-

THE OHIO CAMPAIGN PROBABLE INCOMETAX

Opened With Rousing Mass President May Recommend to Meeting in Cincinnati. the Congress

Beveridge.

Heard His First Political Speech-

Beveridge's Reference to Labor.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, October 6 .-- United

States Senators J. B. Foraker of Ohio and

A. J. Beveridge of Indiana and Representa-

tives Nicholas Longworth and H. P. Goebel

of Ohio participated in the opening of the

republican campaign in this city tonight.

The Blaine Club escorted the speakers to

Music Hall, which was crowded to the

doors. Senator Foraker, when introduced as

chairman of the meeting, returned thanks

licans on their big mass meeting and on

their local ticket, and then discussed more

fully the congressional ticket, which he con-

"The county ticket is important, the

state ticket is important, but the most im-

portant of all things connected with this

approaching election is the congressional

"You doubtless read in the papers the

speech of President Roosevelt at Harris-

burg. If so you must have observed that

he served notice on the American people

that he is not more than half done with the

good work he has in hand. He referred

to the legislation that has been enacted,

said that it is his purpose to enforce it, and

then he appealed to the American people to

give him an indorsement at the approach-

ing election, not simply by republican ma-

jorities, but by giving him a republican

House of Representatives. That, my fellow

citizens, is the great duty of the hour. If you

desire the second half of the adminstration

of Theodore Roosevelt to be as brilliant and satisfactory as the first you must give

him a republican and not a democratic house. What would he do with a demo-

cratic majority in the House of Representa-tives? Nobody knows what it would mean.

The democratic party has ceased to be an object of interest except only as it excites speculation as to whether it belongs to William J. Bryan or William R. Hearst.

And it is the belief even among the demo-

crats that the party is badly off, no matter

in which man's hand it may be. But we

have an especial duty in this respect. That duty is to send back to Washington to rep-resent us in the next Congress of the United States Nicholas Longworth and

The senator praised the work of both

congressmen highly.
Representative Nicholas Longworth

whose bride, seated in the balcony, heard her husband for the first time in a political

speech, was introduced and briefly spoke in

support of his party principles. Representa-tive Herman P. Goebel of the second dis-

trict, the other of Cincinnati's two congres-

sional districts, followed, and then Senator

There are those who seek to create the

war with labor. Such men, if they are

they are democrats, they slander the party.

labor ever enacted were written and passed

by the republican party. The only organized

friend of labor in our history has been the

republican party. It could not be other-wise, for our thirteen million voters are nearly all laboring men.

"It was a republican Congress that en-

acted the first eight-hour law in this country, and it was signed by a republican

republican party. There is the law punish-

ing the man or corporation that tries to

lischarge from his work or ejectment from

a rented house—that law was written by the

republican party.
"There is the alien contract labor law;

the skilled labor law in the government printing office; the law for payment of all

out of the labor of federal prisoners; the

mine regulation and inspection law;

board of arbitration law; the territorial

the law for the commission to settle differ-

their employ—every one of them enacted by the republican party.

discriminating against such employe on ac-

count of such membership-that is republi-

hibiting the coming of Chinese laborers to

LOUIS DUANE DEAD.

Was in Government Service Twenty-

Two Years.

Louis Duane, a clerk in the office of the

suddenly Thursday night at his residence

scious condition for a number of hours.

Ritter Criticism at St. Johns.

that the British and American govern-

and giving what are assumed to be the

correct terms of the arrangement, evoke

more, this time to American fishermen

the matter. The paper further says that the modus vivendi was concluded against

the advice and despite the protests of the

government, and that it now behooves the government to resist this bureaucratic ac-

tion and to carry out stringently the for-

eign fishing vessels act of 1905 and the bait act which Downing street officials can-

not override, because the law of the land

credit the statement that the Americans

have been granted the right to ship men

in colonial waters, as such action would

The Evening Herald says that it cannot

is still supreme in the king's realms.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

anteeing the payment by contractors

Herman P. Goebel."

Beveridge was introduced.

Senator Beveridge said:

President, Ulysses S. Grant.

sidered most important. He said:

HALL CROWDED TO DOORS ENACTMENT OF SUCH LAW

Addresses by Senators Foraker and Or Some Form of Government Rakeoff on Private Fortunes.

ON GREAT DUTY OF THE HOUR EXTRACTS FROM SPEECHES

Representative Longworth's Bride Made by Him at Different Times-Supreme Court May Reverse Its Opinion.

> The belief is growing in political circles that President Roosevelt will send a message to Congress before his term expires recommending the imposition of an income tax, or some form of government rake-off on private fortunes. Everything that he has said in recent public addresses

ends color to that opinion Of course the right of the government to impose such tax would have to be affirmed by the Supreme Court of the United States. Supreme courts change their opinions with their membership, and President Roosevelt will have opportunity within his own term of office to dictate the appointthe last decision of the court upon the constitutionality of the income tax the vote of the court was 5 to 4 against it, a reversal of opinion on rehearing. On the first hearing of the case the court stood the other way, but some members subsequently saw a new light.

Supreme Court May Agree. With this narrow margin of difference in egal opinion, and with two prospective vacancies on the bench to fill, the President may be able, if he so desires, to feel assured of the approval of the tribunal of last resort for the program of governmental supervision of personal effort which he appears to have in mind. Of course, accidents will happen in the best regulated families, and disappointments occur. It was said that the President was bitterly disap-pointed because Mr. Justice Hoimes, his then recent appointee to the bench, did not

merger case. However, it is thought that if the President is so inclined he will have no trouble in finding among the great array of legal talent in this country appointees to the Supreme Court who concur in the views on government supervision of fortunes, provided Congress passes a law.

That the President has in mind the rec-

concur with the majority of the court in the decision of the Northern Securities

ommending of such legislation to Congress is assumed by many people, on the score of his recent public utterances.

In his speech in this city last April on the occasion of the laying of the corner-stone of the House of Representatives' office building the President made his first essay in this new field of economics. He

The President's Utterances. "As a matter of personal conviction and

without pretending to discuss the details or formulate the system, I feel that we shall ultimately have to consider the adoption of ome such scheme as that of a progressive tax on all fortunes, beyond a certain amount, either given in life or devised or bequeathed upon death to any individual—a tax so framed as to put it out of the power of the owner of one of these enormous foramount to any one individual; the tax, of ourse, to be imposed by the national and not the state government. Such taxation should, of course, be almed merely at the inheritance or transmission in their enimpression that the republican party is at tirety of those fortunes swollen beyond all healthy limits."

In his Harrisburg speech day before yesrepublicans, misrepresent the party, and if

terday the President took another step in the direction of national control of private The only national laws in the interest of and business fortunes, saying:
"But it is our clear duty to see, in the interest of the people, that there is adequate supervision and control over the business use of the swollen fortunes of the day, and upon which these fortunes are to be transditted and the percentage they shall pay

to the government whose protecting arm alone enables them to exist."

The people who believe that the Presi-dent hopes to see a reversal of the Su-There is the law for the inspection of dent hopes to see a reversal of the Su-preme Court's decision on the income tax, all steam vessels navigating the waters of the United States. It is the work of the or something allied to it, base their opinon on his utterances at Harrisburg when he said: influence his employe's vote by threat of

"The many legislative actions and many judicial decisions which I am confident time will show to have been erroneous and a damage to the country would have been voided if our legislators and jurists had approached the matter of enacting and constructing the laws of the land in the government employes for holidays; the law for the incorporation of national trades unions; the law prohibiting the contracting spirit of your great Pennsylvanian, Jus-tice Wilson-in the spirit of Marshall and

of Washington" May Have Popular Support.

The people who hold to this opinion go on to say that there will probably be popences between interstate railroads and their employes; the indemnity law guarular support to a great extent of the President's supposed aim in this direction. ing government buildings of all labor in When the income tax decision was handed down there was widespread discontent, and the charge was made that the Supreme "There is a law prohibiting railroads from forbidding employes to enter labor Court had been "packed" by capital against organizations or be members thereof or the popular will. Those folk, it is claimed, will hold this time that President Roosewelt has as good a right to "pack" the court in favor of the popular will if it is expressed by Congress in support of the Roosevelt theory of national control of America—that is a republican law. There is the law creating the Department of private fortunes.

Commerce and Labor, which today is doing more for the uplifting of the masses than POWER TO BE PLENARY any other three branches of our government put together—and that is a republican law."

> GOV. MAGOON TO BE RESPONSI-BLE ONLY TO THE PRESIDENT.

auditor for the Post Office Department, died Gov. Charles E. Magoon will exercise in Cuba the power which was vested in Gen. 1741 G street northwest. His wife was vis-Leonard Wood when he ruled Cuba under iting relatives in Freehold, N. J., and when the title of military general. Gov. Magoon will be known as the provisional governor, she arrived here in response to a telegram but his authority will be plenary, and he and found that her husband was dead she fainted and afterward was in a semi-conwill be subject only to the orders of the President and the Secretary of War. Cuba Mr. Duane had been in the Treasury De-partment in some branch or other for twenwill have the semblance of an autonomous ty-two years. He was a high-class clerk, government, and the United States will conwhose services were greatly appreciated by tinue to be represented in Havana by a minister and the consuls will continue at Mr. Duane was a great-grandson of Benheir posts. Cuba will be represented in jamin Franklin and a grandson of William P. Duane, Secretary of the Treasury under President Jackson. He was born in Philadelphia fifty-six years ago, and was married in 1891 to Miss Emma L. Fardon of Washington by a minister, and the Cuban consuls are expected to remain at their sta-tions. It is officially stated that there has een and will be no subversion of the Cuban constitution. By incorporating the Platt amendment into her constitution Cuba provided for just such an emergency as has risen and for the United States to intervene and restore order; consequently, it is said, Cuba is still to be governed by constitu-ST. JOHN'S, N. F., October 6.-Washingtional means and by machinery such as is provided in any community when martial ton dispatches received here today stating law is necessary. During the occupancy of Cuba it is not expected that the Cuban ments have arranged a modus vivendi regulating herring fishery in these waters congress will exercise any power. In fact there is no method by which it can be assembled unless Gov. Magoon should deem bitter criticisms on the part of the press and the public. The Evening Telegram, the such action necessary to prepare the way for another election. Such a meeting is not necessary under present conditions, for premier's personal organ, declares that Newfoundland has been sacrificed once the provisional governor by decree may perform all functions looking to the :e-esand that the colonial government and peo-ple have been ridden over rough shod in the matter. The paper further says that ablishment of the civil government of

Had 1,800 Strokes of Paralysis. EASTON, Pa., October 6 .- After having suffered, according to statements of the attending physicians, at least 1,800 strokes of paralysis during a period of two years Samuel Yehl, formerly a railroad foreman, is dead at his home in Statington, near here He was stricken two years ago while work ing on a railroad, and it is asserted that h was never conscious for a longer perio-

than twenty minutes at a time since the first stroke.

STATUS OF STEAMBOAT MEN'S STRIKE AT BALTIMORE.

curred today when two mates returned to their employment. They completed the

Thomson, general manager of the combined

steamers, and that so long as their officers remained out the companies would not be

able to operate more than a few vessels He said the immediate necessities of the farmers on the eastern shore for fertilizer

had been relieved through co-operation with

the shippers of the product, and the man-

agement had also granted shippers the free

use of the companies' wharves here for such outside vessels as they desired to utilize in this emergency. Capt. Thomson again today renewed his invitation to the men to meet him with a

Talk of Independent Line.

Announcement was made today that an

merchants who do business with bay points

are using gasoline power boats and schooners in an endeavor to save their business

BALTIMORE, Md., October &-The first Our Resources and Future defection from the ranks of the men oc-

steamboat' companies, stated today that they were running four boats at the present time. He admitted that it was practi-Association. cally impossible to get men who were familiar with the waters to navigate the

WONDERFUL CONTRASTS CITED

The Phenomenal Growth of the Country Demands a National Economy Different From the Present.

committee of their own members, insisting, however, as he has all along, upon the captains leaving the Masters and Mates' As-CHICAGO, October 6.-James J., Hill was the principal speaker tonight at a banquet given at the Auditorium Hotel under the auspices of the Chicago Commercial Assoctation. His theme was "The Development of the Northwest," and his remarks were ndependent line of steamers will be started between Baltimore and Rappahannock river in ore lands which he closed recently in behalf of the Great Northern railroad. coints. The commission men and other David R. Forgan, president of the asso ciation, presided at the banquet, which was attended by about 750 persons. Sir Thomas

Lipton was one of the chief guests.

centrates. But these new comers cannot be

excluded. Labor was never as scarce

wages were never as high as at the pres

ent day. We cannot stop the inflow or check the natural increase. We must de-

different from the present when our popula

tion is approaching three times what it was in 1900. Striking as has been found the

contrast between 1850 and 1900, that be tween the present and 1950 will reveal more

"Practically speaking, our public lands are all occupied. The irrigation of land by the general government will do something,

but all present plans will furnish land for less than 1,500,000 small farms of forty

acres each or for a population of seven or eight million. Our other natural resources have been exploited with a lavish hand. Our exports, of which we love to boast. con-

sist mostly of the products of the soil. Our iron and coal supplies will begin to show signs of exhaustion before fifty years have

passed. The former, at the present rate of increasing production will be greatly reduced. Our forests are rapidly going; our vast supply of mineral oil flows to the ends

'We cannot continue to supply the whole

world and recruit our own resources be the methods of trade that now obtain, be

do not recreate themselves. Once used

they are gone forever. We shall, with these coming millions to provide for, be thrown

back upon the soil, the only resources of mankind that is capable of infinite renewal

Upon the cultivation of the soil depend the future of mankind and the nature and sta-

Things Worth Thinking About.

for home consumption and seed, when our

mines will not yield, except at increased

cost, the iron and coal required to manu

facture commodities consumed at home and when the cheap labor of the orient

ergy and prosperity of a large proportion

tendency-how to prevent the forces of ad

structive as well as creative. This is the

MAY LYNCH TWO

NEGRO UNDERTAKERS.

in their store here, across Arkansas river

from Little Rock, and defy the police.

Policeman Lindsay of Argenta is lying in

front of the store badly wounded, with his

white and were shot by the Colums. Some

white, and were shot by the Colums. Some

killed during a fight which occurred during

an inquest over a negro who had been killed

Posses are being organized to take the

The Colum Brothers' establishment

which the brothers were barricaded has

been dynamited. The negroes escaped and

a mob is searching for them. A double

Pardon for Roanoke Murderer.

RICHMOND, Va., October 6 .- Gov. Swan

son this evening granted a pardon to

Charles R. Fishburne, the Roanoke banker.

who murdered Dr. Frederick Lefew about

three years ago. Fishturne was given five years in the penitentiary, coming to this

Miss Adamson Dead.

ROCKVILLE, Md., October 6.-Miss Flor

from this place, died about noon today.

aged thirty-four years. She had been ill

of an affection of the lungs and her death

was not unexpected. She was a daugnter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Adamson, and

Anti-Clerical Manifestations.

V.N.ENCIA, Spain, October 6 .- Anti-cleri-

cal manifestations were renewed here last

Mr. Ralph G. Duvall has returned from a

M. Adamson, who resided about three miles

is now confined to his bed.

negroes now.

lynching probable.

Special Dispatch to The Star.

city in a Pullman car.

was highly regarded.

ad Hamburg.

Special Dispatch to The Star.

vancing social evolution from being

sense, the problem of the northwest.

"The costliest error will be in a clinging

termine, however, upon a national econo

with these places.

In a letter of considerable length, addressed to Charles J. Fox, chief of the state bureau of statistics and information, a copy of which was given the Associated Press tonight, Capt. Thomson, replying to Mr. Fox's offer to President Charles E. Mr. Hill said in part: "These, briefly, are the certainties of the next fifty years supported by facts ascertained beyond possibility of error. By the middle of this century our population will be more than 200,000,000. Where are these people to find profitable occupation? How are they to obtain the necessities of life? The question is already pressing upon great cities like Chicago, where immigration con-

of the earth

bility of its institutions

Mr. Fox's offer to President Charles E. Pugh of the companies involved in the tieup, declines Mr. Fox's offer looking to arbitration of the difficulty.

Capt. Thomson takes the ground that his
companies are willing to meet their captains individually, collectively or by a committee composed of the captains themselves and to discuss and adjust any question of pay that may be brought up by them, but that no such question has up to the present time been so brought up, and that, therefore, there is no question of pay open between the companies and their em-ployes. According to Capt. Thomson's let-ter, the one question is as to whether the captains shall be permitted to belong to an association of which their subordinate officers are also members, and this point, the letter says, cannot be submitted to the arditration of any one.

TO BOOST CANNON BOOM

MARQUETTE CLUB BANQUET IN HIS HONOR OCTOBER 9.

pecial Dispatch to The Star. CHICAGO, October 6.-Joseph G. Canon's presidential boom will get a substantial boost next Tuesday, Chicago day. The Marquette Club has announced a banquet in his honor, to be held at the Auditorium, at which J. Adam Bede of Minnesota, a youngster in Congress, will tell why the veteran of the House should succeed Pres-

ident Roosevelt.

The Marquette Club is used to backing winners in the presidential race. It is more winners in the presidential race. It is more than thirty years since Illinois had a pres-idential candidate, but the Marquette Club was sponsor for McKinley's first boom and that of Benjamin Harrison, with what success, as the club's announcement says, "the world knows." It is therefore deemed most fitting that "Joe" Cannon should be taken up right away, so the club won't lose the chance to get on an Illinois win-

Besides Mr. Cannon and Mr. Bede there will be other speakers of national prominence at the banquet. Representative Boutell will talk on "Chicago's Marquette Club;" Rev. Frank Bristol of Washington, formerly of Chicago, noted as a pulpit orator, will respond to the toast "A Nation Favored of God;" Frank C. Goudy, a Colorado orator, will tell about the west, and John Watson, noted congressional whip. will make a speech in which predictions of "Uncle Joe's" victory at the national convention and in the election of 1908 will

figure largely. The club's announcement of the hanquet nd the way in which it is expected to give Mr. Cannon a "cinch" on the presidential ination says: "McKinley always spoke of the Marquette as the mascot club lence it was most natural that 'Uncle Joe hould come to the Marquette, even if his is the most popular name mentioned for the presidency today. The people like his rugged honesty. They know him and they believe in him as they believe in Roosevelt. It is a long time before the convention assemble that shall nominate a candidate for President, but Chicago and this vast prairie commonwealth is not content to wait to do honor to that grand old man of

TALK ON THE RACES

TILLMAN SAYS TIME HAS COME

TO ACT.

AUGUSTA, Ga., October 6.-In a speech on the race problem delivered here tonight, Senator B. R. Tillman declared the time had come when the south must act, and suggested the adoption of a European passport system, by which each person must have a certificate of good character before moving from a residence or home or before being received into a new section, and that any person without such certificate be im-

prisoned. This, he admitted, would be placing great inconvenience on the whites, who would have to be included in the law because of the fifteenth amendment, but he declared if this plan or some peaceable one was not adopted immediately the country was sure-ly rushing toward the brink of an abyss which meant a herrible and bloody race war of extermination.

His speech was heard by thousands of people and was enthusiastically received. The Atlanta riots, he declared, had illuminated the situation and shown the people they were living on the crust of a voicano The riot, he believed, would too soon be repeated in other sections if no other solution of the problem was found.

\$250,000 Fire in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., October 6.-Charles F. Dolls' furniture store, 477-489 Washington street, was entirely destroyed by fire tonight, causing a loss estimated at \$250,000. The building, which was owned by the Olympic Theater Company of New York, is a total loss.

Other tenants of the building were: The Century Telephone Company; Tobin, Walon & Co., millinery; John C. Lutz & Bros., wall paper dealers, and Henry C. Warren, chandeliers. The telephone company suffered the heaviest damage, their share of the loss being \$150,000.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS.

MILWAUKEE. Wis., October 6.-President A. J. Earling of the Chicago. Mil-waukee and St. Paul railway enied teday that any issue of stock or bonds was au-thorized at the recent annual meeting of

night in front of the residence of the arch-PHILADELPHIA, Pa., October 6.-Sev bishop and the House or the Jesui's. The eral thousand youths in military uniforms from twe've states are attending the annual colice were powerless to cope with the oters, and were forced to summon a deconvention of the United Boys' Brigades of America in this city. The convention wi'l achment of cavalry. The troops only succeeded in clearing the streets after they ad charged the crowds.

ALBANY, N. Y., October 6.-Former State Senator John Foley of Saratoga, a noted awyer and leading democrat of northern New York, died this morning at the Van der Veer Hospital here.

BUNNING ONLY 4 BOATS HILL'S PRACTICAL TALK FRENCH CABINET BUSY NOT ON GOOD TERMS

Noted Railway Man Spoke of Important Session Yesterday Mr. and Mrs. Howard Gould at Rambouillet.

crew of the Virginia, which sailed tonight IN CHICAGO LAST NIGHT THE BUDGET DISCUSSED NOT UNDER SAME ROOF

At Banquet of the Commercial Men's Decisive Action on Church and Sepa-

WILL EXECUTE IT INTEGRALLY HUSBAND OFF ON HIS YACHT

To Convoke Extraordinary Session of Parliament-Proposed Action of a Socialist Member-Program.

PARIS, October 6.-An important meeting of the cabinet, under the presidency of President Fallieres, took place at Rambouillet this morning, to discuss the religious and other questions on which deaccorded close attention because of the deal | cisions are necessary preliminary to the reassembling of parliament. The morning session was entirely devoted to discussing the budget.

At the afternoon session the manner of applying the church and state separation law was examined, and a decision was taken to execute it "integrally." Reticence, however, was manifested regarding the actual measures proposed, it being simply announced that a definite decision had been arrived at. The council then adjourned until Tuesday.

The cabinet today also considered the situation in regard to the Franco-Spanish commercial treaty, and the appointment of an ambassador of France at Tokio and other diplomatic changes, and it was decided to convoke parliament in extraordinary session so soon as the budget is ready, A Socialistic Program.

M. Breton, a socialist deputy from the Department of the Cher, supported by a group of radical colleagues, has decided, in view of the attitude of the vatican, to propose, upon the reassembling of parliament, the immediate confiscation of all church buildings and property.

M. Breton will offer a resolution declaring that it is the sense of parliament "that the government suspend entirely the payment of pensions of priests; insict that all ecclesiastics present themselves at the barracks, and fulfill their military obligations; that all church property be turned over to the communal charitable establishments, and that the buildings be apportioned among their real owners, namely, the state departments and communes."

The executive committee of the radical socialistic party, in indorsing this summary program, today announced that "any direct or indirect negotiation with the pope or any concession will be considered to be

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS. NEW YORK, October 6.-Arrived: Steamers Italia, Naples; Gallia, Marseilles; Kais-

erin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg, Southampto the delusion that we are to continue to ton and Cherbourg; St. Paul, Southampton incur our exports and to live upon the and Cherbourg. profits of the foreign market. The time is Sailed: Steamers Pennsylvania, Hamburg via Plymouth and Cherbourg; Zeeland, Antwerp via Dover; Umbria, Liverpool via

Queenstown; Mesaba, London; Columbia, BOSTON, October 6.-Arrived: Steamers Anglian, London; Republic, Liverpool via Queenstown:

whose wages we cannot hope to meet. equipped with our machinery, will vanquish NEWPORT, R. I., October 6.-Steamer all competitors. To return to agriculture to a jealous care of our land resources we Calabria, Marseilles, Leghorn and Naples, for New York, passed the light vessel at 10:40 a.m.; will probably dock 7:30 a.m. come without delay if we are to escape disaster.
"Next in importance to the soil come Sunday. DUNNETHEAD, October 6, 3 a.m.-Passtransportation. Already the growth of our commerce between the Mississippi river and the Atlantic coast finds itself delayed

ed steamer Hillig Olav, New York for Christiansand and Copenhagen. and hampered for want of additional lines and terminal facilities. And throughout PLYMOUTH, October 6, 9:28 a.m.-Arrived: Steamer St. Louis, New York for Cherbourg and Southampton (and prothe whole country there is a rising call for more tracks, more engines, more cars. But money invested in railways expects a HAVRE, October 6, 9 a.m.-Sailed: fair return, and ft also expects the same measure of protection that is accorded teamer La Tourine, New York.

QUEENSTOWN, October 6, 11:15 a.m. other property.
"The enormous pressure of masses of Sailed: Steamer Cymric, from Liverpool, Boston. people seem to crush out the hope and en-LONDON, October 5 .- Arrived: Steamer Barbadian, New Orleans. of them, and the great problem of modern progress, after all, is how to deal with this

LIVERPOOL, October 5.-Arrived: Steamers Victorian, New York; Virginian, Montreal; 6th, Lucinia, New York via Queenstown; Winifredian, Boston. problem of the nation, and it is, in a special HONGKONG, October 6.-Arrived previously: Steamer Korea, San Francisco

via Honolulu, Yokohama, etc. BREMEN, October 6, 5 a.m.—Arrived: Steamer Barbarossa, New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg. COPENHAGEN, October 4. — Sailed: Steamer Oscar II, New York.

MOBS ARE SEARCHING FOR TWO QUEENSTOWN, October 6, 10:40 p.m. Sailed: Steamer Cedric, from Liverpool, New York. SABLE ISLAND, N. S., October 6 .-ARGENTA, Ark., October 6.-Two Colum Steamer Kroonland, Antwerp and Dover for New York, in communication with the brothers, negro undertakers, are barricaded

Marconi station 675 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5 p.m.; will probably dock 2 p.m. Monday. SOUTHAMPTON, October 6 .- Arrived: Steamer St. Louis, New York via Plyfather dead beside him. The Lindsays are New York, New York via Cherbourg.

BOSTON, October 6.-Arrived: Steamers Republic, Liverpool and Queenstown; Anglian, London. Sailed: Steamer Canopic, Naples and Genoa, Belgravia, Hamburg via Baltimore. TENERIFFE. October 6.-Arrived: Steam-

by a white man. In this fight a brother of er Uarda, San Francisco via Iquique, Mon-Policeman Lindsay was shot seriously and tevideo, etc., for Hamburg. GLASGOW, October 5 .- Sailed: Steamer Caledonia. New York via Moville.

LIVERPOOL, October 6 .- Sailed: Steamers Devonian, Boston; Jamaican, Colon; Etruria, New York via Queenstown. LONDON, October 6.-Sailed: Steamers Minnehaha, New York; Sarmatian, Montreal.

ANTWERP, October 6, 1 p.m.-Sailed: Steamer Vaderland, New York via Dover. CHRISTIANSAND, October 6, noon .-Steamer Oscar II, from Copenhagen. New York. CHERBOURG, October 6, 7 p.m.-Sailed:

Steamer New York, from Southampton. GIBRALTAR, October 6 .- Arrived: Steamer Moltke, Genoa and Naples, for New

York. GLASGOW, October 6 .- Arrived: Steamer Numidian, Montreal and Quebec. ROTTERDAM, October 6, b a.m.-Arrived: Steamer Statendam, New York via Bou-

CATANIA, September 25 .- Sailed: Steam er Sicania, from Genoa, New Orleans, PALERMO, October 1.-Sailed: Steamer Citta di Milano, from Genoa, New York. BREMEN. October 4.-Sailed: Steamer

ROTTERDAM, October 6, 2 a.m.-Salled: Steamer Nieuw Amsterdam, New York via Boulogne.

President's Son Home From College. Theodore Roosevelt, jr., arrived in Washington vesterday afternoon and will be here a day or so with his father and fam'ly. He participated in a game of lawn tennis vesterday afternoon with his father and two companions.

For San Francisco Relief. An additional contribution of \$1,500 to the San Francisco relief fund has been received

oming branch of the society.

Living Apart.

Since Early in September the Couple

Have Seemed to Disagree.

Mrs. Gould is Said to Have Fallen Out With Her Spouse Because

an Official Was Retained.

Special Dispatch to The Star.

NEW YORK, October 6.-Mrs. Howard Gould, who witnessed the Vanderbilt cup race from her touring car today, surrounded by a circle of friends, was as unapproachable as her husband, somewhere out in the Atlantic on the yacht Niagara, when an effort was made to learn if there was truth in the rumor that the millionaire and his actress wife had agreed to separate. A few close friends of the couple there are who may be in a position to know the present status of the Gould domestic affairs. but they are saying nothing.

Because since their return from Europe

during the first week in September Mr. Gould and his wife have not been living under the same roof, gossip has had it that a rift had appeared between them and that the woman who was pretty Kitty Clemmons of San Francisco and London had given over her schemes of living in a castle as the wife of one of America's wealthiest men. Mrs Gould left the St. Regis, where she

has been living alone for the last three weeks, on Friday, and with her trunks and dogs traveled to Castle Gould, the country home of herself and husband, at Sands Point, L. I. She did not leave word at the hotel

whether she would return soon or not Howard Gould, who has been staying at the Waldorf-Astoria since he returned from his European cruise on his yacht Niagara. went out on the sound on his yacht yesterday and has not yet returned. It has been whispered that the reason for

the apparent break between Gould and his wife can be traced to the cause for last year's fruitful trouble, the projected Castle Gould, which is to be built in semblance of Kilkenny Castle, on the Gould estate at Sands Point.

Superintendent Not Liked.

The superintendent of the grounds that surround the present summer home there and the man who has in charge the laying out of the landscape features that are to give the proposed castle a fitting setting. has fallen into disfavor with Mrs. Gould and has had his case supported by Mr. Gould, so it is said. Because her husband would not discharge this major domo of Castle Gould report has it that the mistress of the estate has refused longer to live under the Castle Gould roof. Whether or not the offending superintendent was on the premises when Mrs. Gould made her trip to Sands Point on Friday could not be learned today.

It is possible that the fate of the pro-jected castle at Sands Point hangs on the settlement of the present reported difficul-ties between Gould and his wife. Already Mrs. Gould has asserted her authority in the matter of the construction of the proposed \$4,000,000 building. Abner J. Haydel, the architect secured by Mr. Gould to design his castle, was the one who incurred brought his grievances into court.

When Gould determined to reproduce "Kilkenny Castle" on his estate in Sands Point, Haydel was taken to Ireland by the Goulds to view the original castle on the

estate of the Marquis of Ormonde,

The old pile in Ireland contained sixty
rooms. Mrs. Gould decided that she would have 200 rooms in her American reproduc-

Reputation at Stake. The architect did not see how his profes-

sional reputation would allow him to graft the extra number of rooms onto the original model, and stoutly contested the with Mrs. Gould. The mistress of Castle Gould was obdurate. As a consequence Hayden threw up his contract with the Goulds and sued to recover his fees on the hasis of \$4,000,000, the amount that the proposed castle was to cost. Haydel won his suit in the Nassau county supreme court, but an appeal was taken from the judg-ment, and final decision in the case has not yet been rendered.

At the time of the trial of this case the plaintiff testified to some stormy scenes be-tween himself and Mrs. Gould. He cited one instance when at a conference between himself and the Goulds at the Waldorf-Astoria Mrs. Gould told him to get out before he was thrown out. Mrs. Gould figured in another suit as lately as April last, when Henry Jones

Thaddeus, a portrait painter, sued her to recover \$5,000, the alleged value of a portrait he had made of her which she had refused to accept when completed. Mrs. Gould's defense was that the gown in which she was represented in the rejuting which she was represented in the painting was not at all the same gown that she had worn during the sittings, and that, any-way, she did not consider the picture a truthful portrait.

NAMED FOR CONGRESS.

NORWICH, Conn., October 6.—Edward Higgins, republican, was named for Con-gress in the third Connecticut district (re-HARTFORD, Conn., October 6.—Benedict M. Holden, democrat, in the first congres-

sional district. BOSTON, October 6.-John W. Weeks of Newton, republican, renominated in the twelfth congressional district.

TRENTON, N. J., October 6.—The demo-crats of the second New Jersey district today nominated A. Allen Southwick of Tren-

ton for Congress. Massachusetts-Sixth, at Ipswich, Augustus P. Gardner, republican, renominated; third district, at Worcester, Rockwood Hoar, republican, renominated. Third dis-trict, at Worcester, William J. McLoughlin,

democrat, Worcester.

Connecticut—Second district, George M. Wallace, democrat, of New Haven.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., October 6 .- An unusually heavy fog, which completely shut out the sight of vessels from those on shore, prevented the trial trip of the United States cruiser California, which was scheduled for today. The trial will be held as soon as the channel clears of fog, but it is uncertain when that will be.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., October 6.-The santa Barbara, Call, October 5.—The torpedo boat destroyer Preble went on the rocks on the coast north of here last night while going to the aid of the stranded steam schooner Shasta. After an hour's work by the destroyer Paul Jones and two launches the Preble was pulled off the rocks. But little damage was done to the Preble, which proceeded to the wreck of the Shasta, for which all hope has been

DETROIT. Mich., October 6.—Mrs. Bertha Ely, the lame cook of the schooner Herschel, was today acquitted of the charge of murdering Mrs. Mary A. Kunna, wife of the vessel's captain, July 6, while the vessel was tied at a dock in Detroit. The defense based their case on the plea of self-defense, presenting testimony to show that the dead woman had been jealous of the cook and had assaulted her.

HONOLULU, October 6.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer Manchuria, which went aground on Rabbit Is-land on August 20, and was subsequently floated, left this port today on a trial trip for the purpose of testing her machinery. wo months' trip, visiting London, Paris at Red Cross headquarters from the Wy-